

Smaller Profile **Bigger Possibilities**

Halo One[™]

Thin-Walled Guiding Sheath



The Halo Effect

Lowers Your Procedural Profile

Now you can start low profile and stay low profile using the Halo One[™] Thin-Walled Guiding Sheath with BD's innovative portfolio of PAD products. It's thin-walled design reduces arteriotomy size compared to standard sheaths of the same French size, which can help to minimize access site complications.^{1,7}

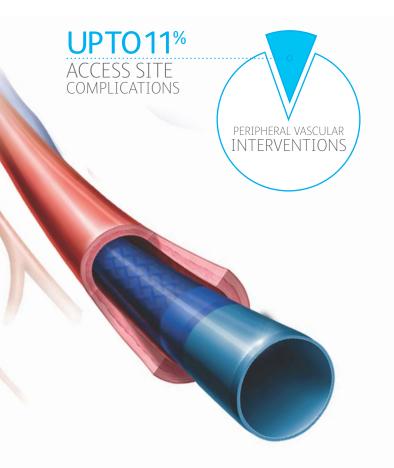
Halo One[™] Thin-Walled Guiding Sheath

Crosser[™]

UltraScore[™] Focused Force PTA Balloor

Ultraverse[™] PTA Balloon Dilatation Catheter Lutonix[™] Drug Coated Balloon PTA Catheter LifeStent[™] | 5F Vascular Stent System LifeStream[™] Balloon Expandable Vascular Covered Stent

Downsize Your Access Site Profile To Help Minimize Access Site Complications



Why do access site complications matter?

- Access Site Complications have been reported to occur in up to 11[%] of peripheral vascular interventions.¹
- Access site complications have been associated with increased average hospital stay. ¹
- Literature suggests that access site complications may be minimized by reducing sheath size.¹

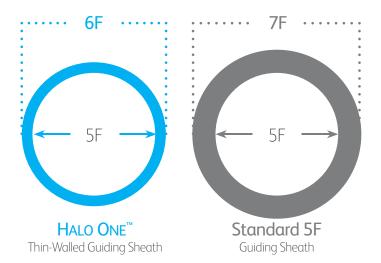


Not drawn to scale. For illustrative purposes only.

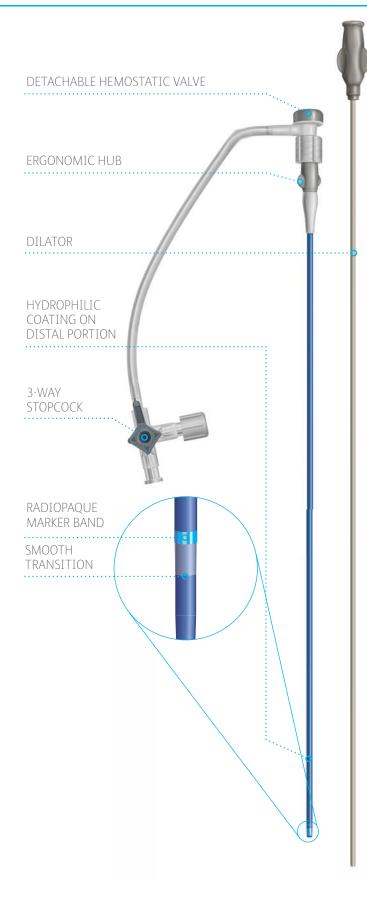
How does the Halo One[™] Thin-Walled Guiding Sheath allow you to downsize your access site profile?

Halo One[™] Thin-Walled Guiding Sheath is designed with a stainless-steel reinforced 1 French wall thickness to reduce the size of the arteriotomy compared to standard sheaths of the same French size.

5F Profile Size Comparison



Not drawn to scale. For illustrative purposes only.

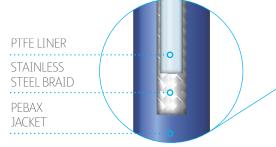


What does this thin-walled design mean for your procedure?

Halo One[™] Thin-Walled Guiding Sheath is designed to provide the flexibility, trackability, and tensile strength needed to navigate tortuous anatomies while decreasing the access site profile compared to standard sheaths of the same French size.

How is this thin-walled design possible?

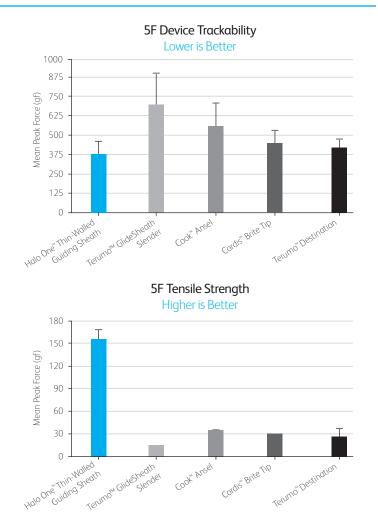
The thin-walled design of Halo One[™] Thin-Walled Guiding Sheath is made possible through a layering process which creates a matrix of stainless-steel braiding that reinforces a 1 French wall.



Performance Delivered Benchtop Data Comparison of 5F Sheaths²

Smooth Trackability³

- The low forces needed to track Halo One[™] Thin-Walled Guiding Sheath means the device can be easily maneuvered.
- Smooth trackability is helpful when traversing tortuous anatomies.



Unmatched Tensile Strength⁴

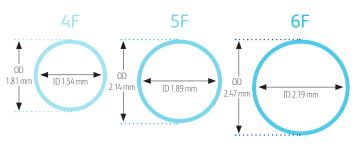
- Higher tensile strength means more support in challenging anatomies by reducing the risk of separation to the sheath shaft.
- High tensile strength provides support when accessing challenging treatment locations.

Robust Size Offering

Halo One[™] Thin-Walled Guiding Sheath is the only thinwalled guiding sheath with lengths suitable for distal peripheral intervention.⁵

	10cm		25cm	45cm	70cm	90cm
Dilator size	0.018"	0.035"	0.035"	0.035"	0.035"	0.035"
4F	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
5F	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
6F		\checkmark	\checkmark			

Halo One[™] Thin-Walled Guiding Sheath offers lower profile while preserving the size of the inner lumen compared to standard sheaths of the same French size.⁶



Not drawn to scale. For illustrative purposes only.

Halo One

Thin-Walled Guiding Sheath

French Size	Sheath Length (cm)	Recommended Guidewire	Product Codes	Hydrophilic Coating
4	10cm	0.018" (0.46mm)	HLO41018FH	Yes
	10cm	0.035" (0.89mm)	HLO41035F	No
	10cm	0.035" (0.89mm)	HLO41035FH	Yes
	25cm	0.035" (0.89mm)	HLO42535	No
	25cm	0.035" (0.89mm)	HLO42535H	Yes
	45cm	0.035" (0.89mm)	HLO44535	Yes
	70cm	0.035" (0.89mm)	HLO47035	Yes
	90cm	0.035" (0.89mm)	HLO49035	Yes
5	10cm	0.018" (0.46mm)	HLO51018FH	Yes
	10cm	0.035" (0.89mm)	HLO51035F	No
	10cm	0.035" (0.89mm)	HLO51035FH	Yes
	25cm	0.035" (0.89mm)	HL052535	No
	25cm	0.035" (0.89mm)	HL052535H	Yes
	45cm	0.035" (0.89mm)	HL054535	Yes
	70cm	0.035" (0.89mm)	HL057035	Yes
	90cm	0.035" (0.89mm)	HLO59035	Yes
6	10cm	0.035" (0.89mm)	HLO61035F	No
	10cm	0.035" (0.89mm)	HLO61035FH	Yes
	25cm	0.035" (0.89mm)	HLO62535H	Yes
	25cm	0.035" (0.89mm)	HLO62535	No

1 Ortiz, Daniel, et al. "Access site complications after peripheral vascular interventions: incidence, predictors, and outcomes." Circulation: Cardiovascular Interventions 7.6 (2014): 821-828

2 The products discussed herein may not have the exact same indications for use. Please consult respective product labels and instructions for use for indications, contraindications, hazards, warnings and precautions.

3 Data on File. BD, Tempe, AZ. Halo One 90cm (n=40); Terumo GlideSheath Slender 10cm (n=5); Cook Ansel 90cm (n=5); Cordis Brite Tip 45cm (n=5); Terumo Destination 45cm (n=5). Device track performance with use of an Ultraverse 035 F Dilatation Catheter (0.035", 7mm x 200 mm x 130 mm). Bench test results may not necessarily be indicative of clinical performance. Different test may yield different results.

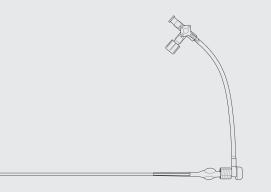
Halo One[™] Thin-Walled Guiding Sheath

Indications for Use: The Halo One" Thin-Walled Guiding Sheath is indicated for use in peripheral arterial and venous procedures requiring percutaneous introduction of intravascular devices. The Halo One" Thin-Walled Guiding Sheath is NOT indicated for use in the neurovasculature or the coronary vasculature

Contraindications: There are no known contraindications for the Halo One" Thin-Walled Guiding Sheath.

Contraindications: Inere are no known contraindications for the Halo Une. Thin-Walled Guiding Sheath. Warnings: 1) Contents supplied STERILE using ethylene oxide (EtO). Non-pyrogenic. Do not reuse, reprocess or re-sterilize. This device is intended for single use only. 2) Do not resterilize. After resterilization, the sterility of the product is not guaranteed because of an indeterminable degree of potential pyrogenic or microbial contamination which may lead to infectious complications. Cleaning, reprocessing and/or resterilization of the present medical device increases the probability that the device will malfanction due to potential adverse effects on components that are influenced by thermal and/or mechanical changes. 3) This device has been designed for single use only. Reusing this medical device bears the risk of cross-potient contamination as medical devices – particularly those with long and small lumina, joints, and/or crevices between components – are difficult or impossible to clean once body fluids or tissues with potential pyrogenic or microbial contamination have had contact with the medical device for an indeterminable period of time. The residue of biological material can promote the contamination of the device with pyrogens or microorganisms which may lead to infectious complications. 4) Visually inspect the packaging to verify that the sterile barrier is instant. Do not use if the sterile barrier is opened or damaged. 5) Use the sheath prior to the "Use By" date specified on the package. 6) Do not advance the guidewire, sheath/dilator, procedural device, or any component if resistance is met, without first determining the cause and taking remedial action. 7) Do not use a power injector through the sideport or the three-way stopcock. 8) The Halo One^{MM} Thin-Walled Guiding Sheath has not been evaluated for use in the neurovasculature or the coronary vasculature. 9) After taking tenedral duiding Sheath has not been evaluated for user in the neurovasulature or the coronary vasculature. 9) After use, this product may be a potential biohazard. Handle and dispose of in accordance with acceptable medical practices and applicable local, state and federal laws and regulations. 100 Only advance or retract the sheath with the dilator inserted and only advance or retract the sheath and dilator while placed over a properly sized guidewire. 11) Failure to deactivate the procedural device prior to removal through the sheath may cause damage to the sheath and may result in patient injury

Precaution device prior to removal infough the sheath may cause damage to the sheath dam day result in patient injuly. Precautions: 1) The Halo One[™] Thin-Walled Guiding Sheath shall only be used by trained physicians. Access procedures should be conducted under fluoroscopic guidance with appropriate x-ray equipment and / or ultrasound. 2) Prior to beginning radial artery access, an assessment such as the Allen or Barbeau test should be performed to assess the presence/ adequacy of dual arterial circulation to the hand. Radial artery access is not recommended for patients with abnormal Allen or Barbeau test results or radial pulse, or insufficient dual arterial supply. 3) Prior to beginning pedal access, physicians should assess the vascular anatomy to assure there is adequate antegrade flow at the level of the ankle. 4) The minimum acceptable sheath French size is printed on the package label. Do not attempt to pass devices through a smaller size sheath introducer than indicated on the device label. 5) The pouch should be inspected prior to opening to ensure the sterile barrier is not compromised. The device should be carefully removed and placed in the sterile fluid. The entire procedure from skin puncture or incision to sheath withdrawal must be carried out aseptically. 6) Carefully inspect the sheath prior to use to verify that the sheath has not been damaged during shipment and that its size, shape and condition are suitable for the procedure for which it is to be used. Do not use if product damage is evident. 7) Careful attention must be paid to the maintenance of tight valve connections for duration of procedure to avoid blood leakage or the introduction of air into



REPRESENTATIVE'S NAME

CONTACT PHONE NO.

PHYSICIAN'S SIGNATURE

4 Data on file. BD. Tempe, AZ. Halo One 90cm (n=40); Terumo GlideSheath Slender 10cm (n=5); Cook Ansel 45cm (n=5); Cordis Brite Tip 45cm (n=5); Terumo Destination 45cm (n=5). Bench test results may not necessarily be indicative of clinical performance. Different tests may yield different results

5 Shaft lengths of 45, 70, and 90cm are available in 4F and 5F sizes only. As of April 2020.

6 Data on File. Halo One data are provided for non-hydrophilically-coated product. Specifications for hydrophilically coated devices are as follows: 4F OD = 1.84mm, ID = 1.54mm; 5F OD = 2.17mm, ID = 1.89mm; 6F OD = 2.50mm, ID = 2.19mm 7 The minimum acceptable sheath French size is printed on the package label. Do not attempt to pass devices through a smaller size sheath introducer than indicated on the device label.

the system. Take remedial action if any excessive blood leakage is observed. **8)** Insert dilator into the center of the sheath valve. Forced insertion of the dilator which misses the center of the valve may cause damage and result in blood leakage. **9)** Advance or withdraw the sheath slowly. If resistance is met do not advance or withdraw the of result in blood leakage. **9)** Advance or withdraw the sheath slowly. If resistance is met do not advance or withdraw the result in blood leakage. **10)** When inserting, manipulating or withdrawing a device through the introducer advays maintain the introducer position. **11)** Remove the dilator from the sheath slowly to avoid incomplete closing of the valve resulting in blood leakage. **12)** When using procedural devices (e.g., balloon, stent zone, material removal section of the procedural device (e.g., balloon, stent zone, material removal section of the reducer solve within the tip of the sheath. **13)** Before removing or inserting the interventional/diagnostic device through the sheath, **14)** Ensure to deactivate the procedural device prior to removal through the sheath. **15)** Take care when back loading the tip of the dilator over the guidewire to avoid damage to the dilator. **16)** Ensure the dilator is securely connected with the sheath prior to advancing or theirs is no lace within the sheath before damaing the sheath. **19)** The size the dilator is in place within the sheath before damaing the sheath. **19)** The size the dilator is in place within the sheath before damaing the sheath. **19)** The size the dilator is in place within the sheath they cares. **20)** If resistance is field during obstrues on the sheath they for the dinator procedural device, it is recommended to remove the procedural device, field device, it is recommended to remove the procedural device, diver, early end they asy stopcock, ensure the dilator is mplace at the sheath they of the sheath. **19)** If using fluid injection through the 3 way stopcock, ensure the dilator is mplace at the sheath beore d

Potential Adverse Effects: Potential adverse effects that may result from a percutaneous vascular procedure (directly or indirectly associated with the device) may include, but are not limited to: • Air embolism • Aneurysm or pseudoaneurysm • Arteriovenous fistula • Compartment Syndrome • Death • Embolism • Endocarditis • Hematoma • Hemorrhage, including

Please consult packaging inserts for more detailed safety information and instructions for use.

BD, the BD Logo, Crosser, Halo One, LifeStent 5F, LifeStream, Lutonix, Ultrascore and Ultraverse are trademarks of Becton, Dickinson and Company or its affiliate. © 2020 BD. Illustrations by Mike Austin. All Rights Reserved. BD-15111 v3